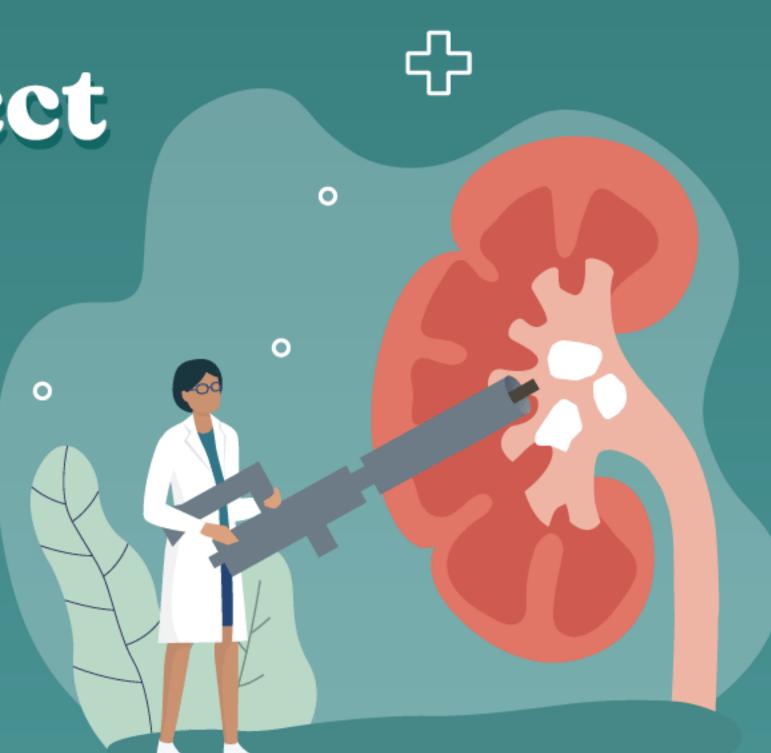
What to expect with PCNL

Percutaneous nephrolithotomy (PCNL) is a minimally invasive, keyhole surgery performed to remove larger stones directly from your kidney.



BEFORE

- May have to stop blood-thinning medication a few days before
 - No food, liquid or nicotine intake **6-8 hours** before procedure

DURING

- Performed under general anesthesia
- To gain access to your kidney, a **tube may be placed** in your back before or during surgery
- Through this point of access to the kidney, the surgeon will dilate this tract up to a desired size and extract large stone fragments through a sheath.
- A double-J stent may be inserted to ensure that swelling does not block the drainage of urine
 - A **nephrostomy tube** may also be left in the kidney to drain urine and blood directly from your kidney, into a drainage bag

AFTER

- 1-2 day **hospital stay**
 - Likely that a urinary catheter will be inserted
 - To help drain urine from your bladder
 - Expect some lower urinary tract symptoms (e.g. small amount of blood in the urine) and moderate pain
 - Double-J stent and nephrostomy tube will be removed some time after the surgery, depending on your condition

Source:

Percutaneous nephrolithotomy (PCNL). Patient Information. (2021, April 22). Retrieved from https://patients.uroweb.org/treatments/percutaneous-penbrolithotomy-penk/

https://patients.uroweb.org/treatments/percutaneous-nephrolithotomy-pcnl/

Management Guideline - American Urological Association. (2016). Retrieved from https://www.auanet.org/guidelines/guidelines/kidney-stones-surgical-management-guideline

Surgical Management of Stones: AUA/Endourology Society Guideline (2016). Kidney Stones: Surgical